

Homework 7 in Cryptography I

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Note: This exercise will be held in lecture room AH III.

Exercise 20.

- (a) Which of the functions IP, E, $\oplus K_i$, S, P in the encryption procedure of the Data Encryption Standard (DES) are linear?

Note: Linearity: $f(a \oplus b) = f(a) \oplus f(b)$

Exercise 21.

Let M be a block of bits of length 64 and let K be a block of bits of length 56. Let $\text{DES}(M, K)$ denote the encryption of M with key K using the DES cryptosystem. \bar{x} denotes the bitwise complement of a block x .

- (a) Show that the *complementation property* holds:

$$\text{DES}(M, K) = \overline{\text{DES}(\bar{M}, \bar{K})}$$

- (b) How does the complementation property help to attack DES?

Exercise 22.

Consider the following *Linear Feedback Shift Register* (LFSR) based *stream cipher*. Messages are bit sequences of arbitrary length, i.e., character sequences over the alphabet $\mathbb{F}_2 = \{0, 1\}$. Let the message be $m = m_1 m_2 \dots m_l$. Keys are also bit sequences $k = k_1 k_2 \dots k_n$ of fixed length $n < l$. Now, a key stream $z = z_1 z_2 \dots z_l$ is recursively generated depending on the key as following:

$$\begin{aligned} z_i &= k_i, & 1 \leq i \leq n, \\ z_i &= \sum_{j=1}^n s_j z_{i-j} \pmod{2}, & n < i \leq l. \end{aligned}$$

The bits s_1, \dots, s_n are fixed and given in advance. We encrypt $c_i := m_i \oplus z_i$ for $1 \leq i \leq l$.

- (a) How does decryption work for this cryptosystem?
- (b) What happens if $k = 00 \dots 0$ is chosen as the key?
- (c) Encrypt the message $m = 10110001010011010100$ with $n = 4$, $s_2 = s_3 = 0$, $s_1 = s_4 = 1$ using the key $k = 0110$.
- (d) How long is the period¹ of the key stream in (c)? What is the maximal period p_{\max} of an LFSR with a key of length n ?

¹The period of an LFSR is defined as $p = \min\{k \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists i_0 \in \mathbb{N}, i \in \mathbb{N}, \forall i \geq i_0 : z_{i+k} = z_i\}$.