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Exercise 12 Friday, July 15, 2016

**Problem 1.** (*How not to use the ElGamal cryptoystem*) Alice and Bob are using the ElGamal cryptosystem. The public key of Alice is (p, a, y) = (3571, 2, 2905). Bob encrypts the messages  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  as

 $C_1 = (1537, 2192)$  and  $C_2 = (1537, 1393)$ .

- a) Show that the public key is valid.
- **b)** What did Bob do wrong?
- c) The first message is given as  $m_1 = 567$ . Determine the message  $m_2$ .

**Problem 2.** (Euler's criterion) Prove Euler's criterion (Proposition 9.2): Let p > 2 be prime, then

 $c \in \mathbb{Z}_p^*$  is a quadratic residue modulo  $p \Leftrightarrow c^{\frac{p-1}{2}} \equiv 1 \mod p$ .

**Problem 3.** (properties of quadratic residues) Let p be prime, g a primitive element modulo p and  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}_p^*$ . Show the following:

- a) a is a quadratic residue modulo p if and only if there exists an even  $i \in \mathbb{N}_0$  with  $a \equiv g^i \mod p$ .
- b) If p is odd, then exactly one half of the elements  $x \in \mathbb{Z}_p^*$  are quadratic residues modulo p.
- c) The product  $a \cdot b$  is a quadratic residue modulo p if and only if a and b are both either quadratic residues or quadratic non-residues modulo p.

**Problem 4.** (*Rabin cryptosystem*) Alice and Bob are using the Rabin Cryptosystem. Bob uses the public key  $n = 4757 = 67 \cdot 71$ . All integers in the set  $\{1, \ldots, n-1\}$  are represented as a bit sequence of 13 bits. In order to be able to identify the correct message, Alice and Bob agreed to only send messages with the last 2 bits set to 1. Alice sends the cryptogram c = 1935. Decipher this cryptogram.